# Native Bee & Butterfly Pollinators

- **Springdale Farms**

## BEES
- **Sweat Bees**
  - Green: *Agapostemon angelicus*
  - *Agapostemon texanus*
  - *Augochloropsis metallica*
- **Striped:** *Halictus ligatus*
- **Dark:** *Lasioglossum* (7 species)

- **Digger/Mining Bees**
  - *Anthophora occidentalis*
  - *Melitoma marginella*

- **Chimney Bees**
  - *Diadasia* (3 species)
  - *Ancyloscelis apiformis*

- **Sunflower Bee**
  - *Svastra obliqua*

- **Squash Bees**
  - Small: *Peponapis pruinosa*
  - Large: *Xenoglossa strenua*

- **Longhorned Bees**
  - *Melissodes* (4 species)

- **Cuckoo Bees**
  - *Sphecodes sp.*

- **Large Carpenter Bee**
  - *Xylocopa tabaniformis*

## BUTTERFLIES
- **Skippers**
  - *Anatrytone logan* (Orange)
  - *Lerema accius* (Southern Dark/Clouded)
  - *Lerodea eufala* (Southern/Eufala)

- **Brush-footed**
  - *Chlosyne lacinia* (Bordered Patch)

- **Gossamer-wing/Hairstreak**
  - *Strymon melinus* (Gray Hairstreak)

## How to Improve Bee Habitat

### Nesting

- Leave bare ground for ground-nesters’ young to survive until spring
- Leave stems and leafy growth for cavity-nesting bees
- Leave woody areas for wood-nesting bees

### Feeding

- Maintain diverse native flower meadows blooming from April to August to provide bees with nectar & pollen

## KEY

- **Ground nesters**
- **Cavity or wood nesters**
- **Specialist larvae feed on few species in 1 plant family**
- **Generalist larvae feed on several species in > 2 plant families**

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