

Native Bee & Butterfly Pollinators

TNC County Line (Garrett's) Prairie

BEES

- **Sweat Bees**
Green: *Agapostemon* (2 species)
Striped: *Halictus ligatus*
Dark: *Lasioglossum* (4 species)
- **Mining Bee**
Andrena sitiliae
- **Digger Bee** (photo different species)
Anthophora occidentalis
- **Chimney Bee**
Ptilothrix bombiformis
- **American bumblebee**
Bombus pensylvanicus
- **Sunflower Bee**
Svastra atripes
- **Squash Bee**
Xenoglossa kansensis
- **Longhorned Bees**
Eucera hamata
Melissodes (3 species)
- **Mason Bee**
Osmia texana
- **Carpenter Bees**
Small: *Ceratina* (2 species)
Large: *Xylocopa virginica*
- **Leafcutter Bees**
Megachile (2 species)

BUTTERFLIES

- **Sulphur**
Colias eurytheme
(Orange sulphur)
- **Skipper**
Lerema accius
(Southern Clouded)

How to Improve Bee Habitat

Nesting

Feeding

Green sweat bee



Dark sweat bee



Digger bee



Bumble bee



Longhorn bee



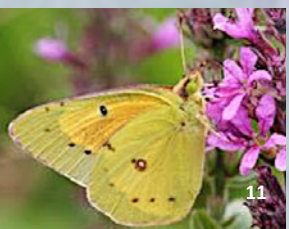
Small carpenter bee



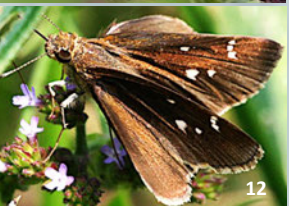
Leafcutter bee



Orange sulphur



Clouded skipper



Leave bare ground for ground-nester's young to survive until spring



Leave stems and leafy growth for cavity-nesting bees



Leave woody areas for wood-nesting bees

Maintain diverse native flower meadows blooming from April to August to provide bees with nectar & pollen



Blue sage



Sunflower



Bee balm

KEY

● Ground nesters

● Cavity or wood nesters

● Specialist larvae feed on few species in 1 plant family



Winkler Family Foundation

Laurel Treviño, Kim Ballare, Shalene Jha, 2016

