Vascular Plants of Williamson County Berlandiera pumila – SOFT GREENEYES [Asteraceae]

Berlandiera pumila (Michx.) Nutt., SOFT GREENEYES. Perennial herb (suffrutescent), not rosetted, several—many-stemmed at base, shoots erect to suberect, in range to 90 cm tall; monoecious; shoots with only cauline leaves, foliage bicolored green on upper surface and grayish green with denser hair on lower surface, suedelike having fine hirsute hairs with \pm swollen base. **Stems:** somewhat angled aging cylindric at base, to 9 mm diameter, with 3 low ridges descending from each leaf, tough, internodes to 85 mm long, densely matted with appressed woolly hairs. **Leaves:** helically alternate, simple, petiolate (lower leaves) and sessile (the uppermost cauline leaves), without stipules; petiole \pm hemicylindric, to 70 mm long, green sometimes with purplish streaks on flat side, tomentose; blade ovate to arrow-shaped in outline, $(40-)60-90 \times (20-)30-70$ mm, the lowest leaves conspicuously unequal at base with 1 side tapered and the indented side truncate, of most leaves symmetrically cordate with well=developed basal lobes, crenate on margins, obtuse to rounded at tip, pinnately veined with midrib raised on lower surface, upper surface with purplish red midrib and uniformly spaced hirsute-hairy, lower surface tomentose with much denser hairs. **Inflorescence:** heads, in terminal, leafy cymelike arrays, array of several-10 heads, heads radiate, 35-55 mm across, with 7-8 pistillate ray flowers and many disc flowers of 1 or 2 types, sterile pistils (at least some next to ray flowers) and central functionally staminate disc flowers, bracteate, hirsute; bract subtending peduncle leaflike and sessile, to 50 mm long decreasing along cyme, ± truncate to cordate at base, lower surface densely tomentose and midrib densely white-hairy; peduncle at anthesis 10–50 mm long, tissue often reddish, densely tomentose, having some purple hairs approaching involucre; **involucre** hemispheroid to dish-shaped, 16–24 mm across, outer phyllaries 5 or 8 not associated with ray flowers, obovate, $7-13 \times 4.5-9$ mm, pale green to midpoint and darker green above midpoint, with veins radiating from pale midpoint, inner phyllaries = ray flowers ± 8 in 2 series, \pm fan-shaped, $9.5-12 \times 7-8.5$ mm, pale green from base and dark green upper 1/3, initially loosely adherent to ovary fused only at base, exposed surfaces hirsute and hirsute-tomentose but glossy and glabrous on inner surface touching ovary, outer surface and parts of inner surface with inconspicuous glandular hairs; receptacle convex with conspicuous bractlets (paleae) subtending each disc flower, the outermost paleae ovate and enclosing ovary, $\pm 5.5 \times 3$ mm, the inner paleae oblanceolate and half-cupping ovary, to 4.5 mm long, dark red-purple from base with exposed portion green and densely hirsute, some glandular hairs on purple lower surface. Ray flower: bilateral, 6–12 mm across; calyx (pappus) a jagged fringe on rim of ovary, deep purple (maroon); **corolla** 2-lobed; tube < 1 mm long, greenish, densely hairy; limb \pm elliptic and sometimes somewhat inrolled, $12-20 \times 6-12$ mm, notch 2-3 mm deep, upper surface deep yellow and glabrous, lower surface paler yellow with green veins and densely hirsute; stamens absent; pistil 1; ovary inferior, ovoid to top-shaped strongly flattened front-toback, ca. 4.5×3.5 mm, light green aging gray-brown, outer surface (touching phyllary) glabrous, inner surface hirsute, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; style exserted, 4–4.5 mm long, 2-branched below midpoint, yellowish below fork, the branches stigmatic, ascending to widely spreading, 3–3.5 mm long, deep purple, having glandular hairs (some short nonglandular hairs) on outer (lower) surface. **Disc flowers:** dimorphic, peripheral flowers

(or all disc flowers) with sterile pistil, central flowers bisexual but functionally staminate, radial, 1–1.5 mm across; of peripheral flowers, **pistil** cylindric, ca. 4×0.3 mm, white (reddish at base), hairy, with deep purple (maroon) bulbous rim at top (vestigial pappus); of staminate flowers, calyx (pappus) inconspicuous, crownlike, 0.05–0.1 mm long, deep purple (maroon); **corolla** (3–)4-lobed, narrowly funnel-shaped, ± 4 mm long; tube cylindric, ca. 0.4 mm long, white; throat red to deep purple (maroon), to midpoint 4-ridged on outer and inner surfaces; lobes nearly deltate, ± 0.5 mm, outer (lower) surface shorthairy; stamens 5, attached at top of short corolla tube; filaments ca. 2 mm long, orangish; anthers fused into cylinder surrounding style, basifixed, dithecal, 2 mm long, deep purple (maroon), longitudinally dehiscent; pollen orange; **pistil** 1, sterile, short-stalked; ovary inferior, narrowly wedge-shaped, ca. 1 mm long, greenish white, densely hirsute, lacking awns at top; style exserted 1–1.5 mm, 5×0.3 mm, unbranched, somewhat orange below, orange-yellow and puberulent where exserted. Fruits: cypselae (achenes), monomorphic (ray flowers), dispersal unit of inner phyllary (palea) with appressed cypsela and (1–)2–4 strongly cupped paleae and dried, sterile, short-hirsute ovaries of those disc flowers; phyllary strongly cupped (rounded on back), 9.5–12 mm long, brownish, cupped surface with short stiff hairs above midpoint; cypsela with black, short-fringed rim at top (vestigial pappus), obovate in outline, $4.5-6 \times 3-4$ mm, brown, turtle shell-like on phyllary side with a median ridge, inner side having a median ridge with 2 indented surfaces, hirsute on inner surface where hairs not removed; paleae of disc flowers somewhat twisted, brown to brownish, hirsute especially at top.

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