## **Vascular Plants of Williamson County Bothriochloa barbinodis** – CANE BLUESTEM [Poaceae]

Bothriochloa barbinodis (Lag.) Herter, CANE BLUESTEM. Perennial herb, rhizomatous, fibrous-rooted, cespitose, many-stemmed at base, erect, in range 55–120 cm tall; shoots with basal leaves and cauline leaves, typically not branched above base; rhizomes short with condensed shoots. Stems (culms): subcylindric with a broad channel on 1 side, to 2 mm diameter, tough, nodes not swollen, with a conspicuous, dense ring of ascending soft hairs 1.5–5 mm long on nodal ledge; lower internodes solid with white center. Leaves: alternate distichous, simple with sheath; prophyll membranous, narrowly acuminate in outline, mostly  $15-35 \times 1-1.6$  mm, strongly 2-keeled and depressed between keels, keels ciliate below midpoint and then short-ciliate to tip; sheath open with overlapping margins, smooth, glabrous, with lobes (auricles) at top; ligule membranous, arching to broadly triangular, 1.5-2(-3) mm long, ciliate on margins; blade long-tapered linear,  $80-300 \times$ 2.5–6.5 mm, the widest ca. 1/4 from the base, flat, minutely toothed on margins, parallelveined with midrib raised on lower surface, veins translucent pale green becoming purplish red, upper surface pilose at base above ligule with a mixture of short hairs 0.5 mm long to long hairs 4.5–7 mm long. Inflorescence: spikelets, in terminal panicles, panicle exserted or initially partly enclosed in sheath of flag leaf, narrowly funnel-shaped but later spreading, in range 50–110 mm long, of several–10 lateral branches from a rachis and 2-4+ secondary branches (rames) from lower nodes of each branch, spikelets sessile and fertile with 2 florets as well as stalked and sterile, bracteate, awned; rachis glabrous at base to long-pilose above; secondary branchlets ascending, 20-80 mm long, breaking into segments (spikelet unit = rame internode + 1 sessile and 1 stalked spikelet), rame internode 3.4-4 mm long, breaking below sessile spikelet, channeled on 1 side and membranous within, conspicuously and densely pilose on green margins with hairs to 8 mm long; stalk of sterile spikelet 3.2-4 mm long, densely pilose like rame internode. Sterile spikelet (stalked): glume 1, narrowly elliptic, 3.3–3.8 mm long, 5-veined or 7-veined; lemma ± oblong to ovate  $3-4 \times 0.7$  mm, translucent, glabrous, with margins partially clasping ovary of fertile flower; **palea** absent. **Fertile spikelet** (sessile): > sterile spikelet, lower floret sterile, upper floret fertile and bisexual; glumes 2, equal, 4.5–5(–6) mm long, > florets, lower glume with inrolled margins, 7-veined or 9-veined, with scattered ascending short hairs on outer surface, submarginal vein minutely scabrous above midpoint; upper glume keeled, 3-veined, glabrous; lemma awned, narrow, ca. 3 mm long + awn 17–22 mm long, the awn twisted, bent below midpoint; palea ovate to 2-toothed, ca. 1 mm long, flat, translucent, glabrous or ciliate. Flower: perianth (lodicules) 2, trapeziform,  $\pm 0.7$  mm long,  $\pm$  2-toothed and the widest at top; stamens 3, free; filaments threadlike, to 2 mm long, translucent-white; anthers only sometimes exserted, basifixed, dithecal, arrowshaped, to 1 mm long, pale yellow, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen pale yellow; **pistil** 1, to 5 mm long; ovary superior, narrowly ovoid to lanceoloid, 1–1.6 mm long, yellowish to yellowish white, glabrous, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; styles 2, erect, to 2.5 mm long, translucent; stigmas fully exserted from above midpoint of glumes, feathery (plumose), 1.5–2 mm long, purple, persisting dry in maturing inflorescence. Fruit: achene (caryopsis) enclosed within straw-colored spikelet with long hairs and a long, twisted awn

on lemma, narrowly obovoid, ca.  $2.2 \times 0.8$  mm, light brown but darker at tip, somewhat 3-sided, with a shallow longitudinal groove on side facing palea to midpoint. A. C. Gibson & B. A. Prigge