## Vascular Plants of Williamson County Coreopsis lanceolata – LANCELEAF COREOPSIS, LANCELEAF TICKSEED [Asteraceae]

Coreopsis lanceolata L., LANCELEAF COREOPSIS, LANCELEAF TICKSEED. Perennial herb, not rosetted, 1–3-stemmed at base, unbranched below flowering canopy, in range to 50 cm tall; shoots with a pair of basal leaves, widely space cauline leaves below inflorescence, sparsely pubescent to nearly glabrous; rhizome  $\pm$  vertical, covered with persistent, flared and sheathing bases of paired leaf petioles; roots adventitious from rhizome. Stems: 6ridged and angled aging inconspicuously angled, to 3.5(-5) mm diameter, with 3 ridges descending from each leaf (6 per node), tough, internodes to 80 m long, sparsely hairy with long weak hairs; internodes hollow. Leaves: opposite decussate, mostly simple but at least 1 pair of upper cauline leaves weakly lobed with (1-)2(-3) lobes at base of principal lobe, long-petiolate to petiolate and fused across node, without stipules; petiole of especially lower cauline leaves >> blade, channeled, in range to 115 mm long decreasing upward and indistinct from blade, flared at base to 15 mm long decreasing upward, sometimes upper ridges sparsely ciliate; blade in range principally oblance late,  $45-115 \times$ 10-17 mm, entire, if present basal lobes slender, to 30 mm long, pinnately veined with midrib sunken on upper surface and conspicuously raised on lower surface, with evenly spaced hairs on both surfaces. Inflorescence: heads, initially terminal having a pair of new shoots formed at base of long peduncle, head radiate, mostly 40-45 mm across, having commonly 8 neuter ray flowers and 100+ bisexual disc flowers, bracteate, mostly glabrous; peduncle stemlike, 160-240 mm long, green, deeply recessed into involucre of head and having 8–9 bracts in 2 close series fused at base at top of peduncle (calvculus; outer phyllaries of some authors), the bracts initially widely spreading beneath involucre, obtuse-ovate, in range  $8-9 \times 3.5-4.5$  mm, mostly green with paler margins 0.5 mm wide and having ca. 9 parallel veins from base, basal margins overlapping, densely short-ciliate on margins approaching tip sometimes with a crimson margin just inside the hairs; involucre of at least 9 phyllaries in 2 close series appearing as in a whorl from the solid base of the involucre, involucre 13–16 mm long, visible phyllaries ovate to deltate bent at midpoint and widely spreading (reflexed), mostly  $9-11 \times 6.5-8$  mm, green to midpoint and  $\pm$  yellow above bend, obtuse and papillate-ciliate at yellow tip; inner phyllaries often several, hidden at anthesis and poorly defined, the largest to elliptic and 6 mm long and greenish, decreasing inward in a graded series to colorless bractlets subtending the outermost disc flowers (paleae); receptacle hemispheroid, glabrous, with a bractlet subtending each disc flower, of the outer flowers oblong, < flower, and colorless grading to long-acuminate (attenuate) bractlets  $\leq$  flower, 4.5–6 mm long, colorless at base and yellow from below midpoint, receptacle and bractlets glabrous. **Ray flower:** neuter (lacking a style), bilateral, 11-15 mm across (corolla); calyx (pappus) = 2 disfunctional awns appearing tuningforklike at top of ovary, 1-1.5 mm long, yellowish, persistent; corolla several-toothed; tube linear and flattened, 1.5 mm long, yellow; limb widely spreading, fan-shaped, in range  $16-21 \times 11-15$  mm, bright yellow with many fine veins from base, in range lacking dark spots or base, with 3–5 teeth on irregular outer margin, upper surface at base with a floor and lateral walls, minutely textured on upper surface, lower surface with a pair of veins  $\pm$  keels; 1–3 limbs sometimes having an ascending, lateral lobe at base, the lobe often lanceolate, to 10 mm long; stamens absent; pistil 1, sterile; ovary inferior,

rectangular and flat, ca.  $2.5 \times 0.8$  mm, greenish; style absent. **Disc flower:** bisexual, radial, < 1 mm across; calyx (pappus) = 2 short awns above edges of ovary or having a third but diminutive awn on a side, functional awns to 0.5 mm long, colorless, persistent or not; corolla 5-lobed, in range 3.4–7 mm long; tube cylindric,  $0.8-3 \times 0.4$  mm, colorless, lacking hairs, not swollen at base; throat narrowly funnel-shaped, 2–3+ mm long, colorless with 5 yellow veins; lobes triangular to deltate, 0.5–1 mm long, yellow; stamens 5, attached at top of corolla tube; filaments 1.3–3 mm long, colorless; anthers fused into cylinder surrounding style, basifixed, dithecal, sometimes mostly exserted from corolla, 1.5–2.6 mm long, with deltate appendages at top, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen yellow; **pistil** 1, 6.5–8 mm long; ovary inferior, broadly elliptic (incl. 2 incipient wings) strongly flattened front-to-back, ca.  $1.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.25$  mm, translucent, lacking hairs, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; nectary disc surrounding base of style, 0.3–0.35 mm long, yellow, producing thin nectar; style exserted, erect, 2-forked in bud and above anthers, ca. 6 mm long, colorless at base and light yellow from below midpoint, the stigmatic branches divergent. Fruits: cypselae (achenes), cupped inward with a conspicuous pair of stiff wings (cartilaginous), when dry ca.  $2.5 \times 3.5$  mm; fruit body obovoid compressed front-to-back arching to inner side,  $2.5-3+ \times 1.7-2$  mm, black, finely textured, with low midrib on inner side, inner face with a bulbous thickening at top and bottom and have lighter colored warts; wings colorless drying light brown and with wavy margins, ca. 1 mm wide; awns 2 at top of cypsela, pointed sideways, to 0.5 mm long.

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