Vascular Plants of Williamson County

Penstemon cobaea – WILD FOXGLOVE, COBAEA PENSTEMON, BALMONY [Plantaginaceae]

Penstemon cobaea Nutt., WILD FOXGLOVE, COBAEA PENSTEMON, BALMONY. Perennial herb, not rosetted, several-stemmed at base, in range to 60 cm long; shoots with only cauline leaves, short-hairy with curved to straight hairs. **Stems:** cylindric, < 5 mm diameter, yellow-green tinged red-purple, densely short-hairy to puberulent. Leaves: opposite decussate, simple and sessile fused across node, without stipules; blade lanceolate or ovate to elliptic or oblanceolate, $(25-)58-105 \times (8-)15-30+$ mm, dark green, longtapered at base, serrate on margins, acute at tip, pinnately veined with midrib conspicuously raised on lower surface, short-hairy with hairs downward-arching, upper surface \pm glossy. **Inflorescence:** cymes paired at each node subtending by leaflike bract, opposite decussate, cyme 1–5-flowered, bracteate, short-pilose and glandular-pubescent; bracts 2 subtending peduncle 2, leaflike, narrowly ovate, to 50 mm long, with basal lobes but not clasping; peduncle stemlike, internodes mostly 35-40 mm long, glandularpubescent; bract subtending cyme leaflike, lanceolate, to 35×8 mm, with basal lobes; bractlet subtending pedicel acuminate-lanceolate, to 8 mm long, decreasing upward; pedicel 3–4 mm long increasing 2× in flower and fruit. Flower: bisexual, bilateral, 14–25+ mm across; calyx 2-lipped, deeply 5-lobed, 11–12 mm long, green, faintly parallel-veined, outer surface glandular short-pilose; tube < 1 mm long; lower 2 lobes triangular overlapping at base, $10-10.5 \times 3.5-4.2$ mm, with membranous margin to midpoint, upper 3 lobes ovate, the largest $9.5-10 \times 5$ mm overlapping inner 2.9×4 mm, cordate at base and somewhat jagged on margins; **corolla** 2-lipped, 5-lobed, 36–38 mm long; tube \pm 3-sided, 9–9.5 \times 4 mm, pinkish and white, 2 sides with 5–6 veins, at base 3 mm across, upper portion \pm bell-shaped and somewhat inflated; throat funnel-shaped, ca. 12 mm long, light purple to pale purple (white) with many parallel veins, inside throat with ca. 7 deep purple honey guide lines on floor; lips with sinuses 9–10 mm deep, upper lip 2lobed, lobes overlapping on inner margins, rounded, ca. $6 \times 8-9$ mm, with scattered glandular short-pilose hairs; lower lip 3-lobed; **stamens** 4 fertile + 1 staminode, lower stamens attached at base of corolla, upper stamens attached 9-10 mm long from base of corolla (top of corolla tube); filaments somewhat compressed side-to-side, sigmoidal, to 20 mm long, on lower side opposite purple nectar guides; anthers \pm versatile, dithechal, horseshoe-shaped, ca. 3×2.5 mm, frosty light violet (glaucous), longitudinally dehiscent; pollen white; staminode arising from upper side of throat, straight, ca. 22 mm long, white with orangish hairs on flat upper surface except at base, upper 5 mm compressed side-toside and purple-red; **nectary disc** around base of ovary, wavy with 5 cycles, 0.2×2 mm diameter, green to dark green; **pistil** 1; ovary superior, ovoid, ca. 3×2.2 mm, green, steeper on upper side, glabrous, 2-chambered, each chamber with many ovules attached to center; style cylindric, 22–23.5 mm long, green at base and white above; stigma terminal. **Fruit:** capsule, 2-valved, many-seeded, ovoid, 9.5–17 × 5.5–12 mm + beaklike tip (style) to 4 mm long and slender portion above, brown or golden brown to dark brown, often pinched below beak, hard-walled, veiny, tardily splitting from top downward. **Seed:** irregular polyhedral with 4–7 faces and wings or ridgelike edges, $2-3.5 \times 1.1-2$ mm, black, pitted (collapsed cells).

A. C. Gibson