Vascular Plants of Williamson County

Apocynum cannabinum – INDIAN HEMP, HEMP DOGBANE, PRAIRIE DOGBANE [Apocynaceae]

Apocynum cannabinum L., INDIAN HEMP, HEMP DOGBANE, PRAIRIE DOGBANE. Perennial herb, winter-dormant, from horizontal rootstock, fibrous-rooted, 1-stemmed at base, main axis with 1 or pairs of ascending branches from below midplant lateral branches from successive nodes, main and lateral branches terminating in an inflorescence, ascending to erect, in range to 125 cm tall; shoots with only cauline leaves, glabrous; latex milky; adventitious roots on buried basal stem. Stems: cylindric, to 12 mm diameter, tough (phloem fibers), bright initially green aging purple-red, main stem internodes commonly 70–140 mm long, first internode of lateral branch commonly 130–190 mm long, lower stem often glaucous; early periderm at base of stem. Leaves: opposite (at several nodes subopposite), simple, short-petiolate to sessile (lower cauline leaves) and forming a pair of ledges across node, without stipules (appearing to be the minute appendages); petiole hemicylindric to shallowly and broadly channeled, to 7 mm long, forming pairs of conic, upward-pointing, minute, greenish or red-tipped appendages (extrafloral nectaries) 0.3–0.9 mm long at base of petiole along ledges; blade in range ovate to broadly ovate, in range 24–85 × 12–55 mm, dull, truncate or broadly tapered to subcordate or cordate at base, sometimes basal lobes \pm clasping, entire, acute to obtuse with short point at tip, pinnately veined with raised principal and many minor veins raised on lower surface, lower surface grayish green (not glaucous). Inflorescence: cyme, terminal, many-flowered, with several principal axes at base, bracteate, glabrous; bracts subtending cyme 2, acuminate, to $4-6 \times 0.8-1$ mm decreasing upward, 1-veined with green midrib and membranous margins, puberulent-ciliate at tip; bractlet subtending pedicel awl-shaped, ca. 2.5 mm long, partially sheathing, sometimes with low teeth on margins; pedicel 2–23 mm long, occasionally with bracteole < 1 mm below flower, bracteole < 1 mm long resembling a diminutive bractlet. Flower: bisexual, radial, in range 3–3.5 mm across; receptacle cupshaped, externally appearing to be a calyx tube; calyx 5-lobed, slightly fused at base; lobes overlapping in bud, appressed to corolla, ovate-triangular, $1.6-2.1 \times 0.8-1$ mm, light green to light yellowish green with white margins; corolla 5-lobed, bell-shaped, ca. 4 mm long; tube + throat bell-shaped, 2.5×2.5 mm, green at base to creamy white above, with 10 faint green veins, internally with 5 deltate appendages arising near bases and opposite lobes appressed to corolla tube, ± 0.5 mm, greenish; lobes overlapping, erect to ascending, ovate, $1.2-1.5 \times 1.1-1.3$ mm, white, with inrolled margins; stamens 5, fused to base of corolla tube; filaments broad, sigmoid and flattened front-to-back, ± 0.8 mm long, greenish, puberulent especially on inner side and minutely jagged approaching anther; anthers tightly appressed along margins forming a pyramid concealing and contacting stigma just above filament, dorsifixed, dithecal, arrow-shaped, 1.3-1.4 mm long, light yellow with reddish margins or orangish, longitudinally and inwardly dehiscent; pollen colorless; **nectary** 5-lobed, the lobes between filament bases and next to ovaries, subspheroid, 0.3 mm long, greenish; **pistil** $1, \pm 1.6$ mm long; ovaries 2, superior, free, hemispheroid with flattened common face, green, each chamber with many ovules; style + stigma complex (clavuncle) fusiform, $0.7-0.9 \times 0.4$ mm, greenish, with thickening midpoint where

contacting anthers, sticky. **Fruits:** follicles 2 per flower, pendent, many-seeded, cylindric, 60–90 mm long, joined at tips.

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