Vascular Plants of Williamson County Cirsium vulgare – BULL THISTLE [Asteraceae]

Cirsium vulgare (Savi) Tenore, BULL THISTLE. Annual or biennial herb, spinescent, taprooted, rosetted, 1-stemmed at base, with ascending lateral branches, for months only having basal rosette and in spring producing an ascending to erect shoot with inflorescences, in range 30–100 cm tall; shoots with basal leaves with some later becoming cauline leaves during shoot elongation (before flowering), cobwebby-tomentose and also with other types of nonglandular hairs. Stems: low-ridged and winged, to 15 mm diameter, with ridges descending and 2 spiny wings decurrent from each leaf, the wings leaflike, wavy to lobed and inrolled on margins having spines as tips of lobes, the spines sharp-tipped, to 9 mm long, tan, the wings like leaf blade tissue, stem with alternating stripes of fibrous (tan) and photosynthetic tissues (green), with very long, colorless shaggy hairs. Leaves: helically alternate, pinnately lobed to unlobed with spinose margins, with the lowest lobes diminutive increasing upward, sessile (wing-petiolate) to 340 mm long, without stipules; blade of basal leaves deeply lobed, oblong-elliptic, with spine tip = an extension of a principal vein, the spine to 14 mm long and tan; blade of cauline leaves lanceolate to oblanceolate in outline, to 340×100 mm several-lobed, the lobes paired with each lobe divided into lower and upper segments, having lower segment ascending and upper segment descending, upper segments ascending above blade plane and lower segments \pm horizontal, or upper segments \pm horizontal and lower segments descending below plane of blade, pinnately veined with principal veins conspicuously raised on lower surface, upper surface bumpy to cobblestonelike, bristly with prickles and hirsute hairs, lower surface cobwebby-tomentose. Inflorescence: heads, terminal, solitary or in cymelike arrays with several heads per flowering branch, head discoid, at anthesis $35-50 \times$ 25-45 mm, with 140-200+ disc flowers, flowers exserted like a brush above involucre, bracteate, cobwebby-tomentose with long, colorless hairs; peduncle 10-60 mm long, with 2-6 leafy bracts along axis (bracts for future peduncles), 15-40 mm long, involucre urnshaped to ovoid-spheric becoming hemispheric to broadly bell-shaped as fruits develop, $25-40 \times 25-45$ mm, phyllaries conspicuously helically arranged, 130-250 in ± 12 series, narrowly awl-shaped and sharply spine-tipped, curved and spreading to produce a 3dimensional cover of spines radiating from appressed, expanded bases, with scattered cobwebby hairs, phyllaries of inner series appressed and flat, minutely serrate and membranous on margin approaching long-tapered tip; receptacle without bractlets (paleae), with many capillary hairs between ovaries, the hairs initially 4–6 mm long increasing to \pm 12 mm long in fruit. Disc flower: bisexual, radial, ca. 5 mm across; calyx (pappus) of 40–60 bristles with fine, featherlike branches (plumose), 17–23(–30) mm long, silky white; **corolla** 5-lobed; tube narrowly cylindric, $18-20 \times 0.2$ mm, white; throat 3.5–6 mm long, expanding from base to 0.7–0.8 mm at orifice, pale lavender to pale purple; lobes spreading above involuce, linear, $4.5-6(-7) \times 0.2-0.3$ mm, lavender or light to deep purple, with sinuses at 2 depths; stamens 5, fused to base of corolla throat; filaments exserted, ± 6 mm long, pale lavender, with short hairs along most of length; anthers fused into cylinder surrounding style, basifixed, dithecal, 3–6 mm long, blue-violet to reddish purple, tail-like at base, acute at tip, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen whitish; **pistil** 1; ovary inferior, obovoid compressed side-to-side, 1.5-1.8 mm long, white, glabrous, 1chambered with 1 ovule; style exserted 3–5 mm above anthers, 25–27 mm long, mostly

white changing to pale lavender in corolla tube and throat, 2-branched, with an oblique ring of short, fine hairs just below fork, the branches appressed, 3.5-4 mm long, reddish purple, stigmatic. **Fruits:** cypselae, oblong compressed side-to-side, $3.4-3.7(-4.5) \times 1.5-1.6$ mm, light brown or tan with dark brown to blackish streaks, weakly 4-angled with smooth faces, sometimes weakly curved or slight bent approaching tip resulting in a slightly oblique form; pappus aging tawny.

A. C. Gibson & B. A. Prigge